

ORGANIZING A UNIT AT A

VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS POST



New-Unit Resource Kit



VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS OF THE UNITED STATES

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS

406 West 34th Street
Kansas City, MO 64111
816-756-3390

MAJOR PUBLICATION

Veterans of Foreign Wars Magazine

FOUNDED

1899

PURPOSE

- Fraternal, patriotic, historical, educational.
- Preserve comradeship of members.
- Assist worthy comrades.
- Perpetuate memory of dead and assist their widows and orphans.
- Maintain allegiance to the Government of the United States and its Constitution.
- Foster patriotism.
- Maintain American freedom.
- Preserve and defend the United States from all enemies.

FACTS YOU SHOULD KNOW

Special Interests. Youth, Americanism, safety, community service, help to veterans and families.

Special Interest in Scouting. Annually provides two Wood Badge scholarships for each of the four Scouting regions.

Other Youth Projects. Sons of the VFW, youth sports, Voice of Democracy, Junior Rifle, musical units.

Methods of Supporting Scouting. Unit operation, administrative leadership, project help, and financial support.

Scouting-Related Literature. Brochure, Boy Scouts of America and Veterans of Foreign Wars: Building a Foundation of Respect, No. 3-168; and VFW Wood Badge Scholarship Program application, No. 3-166.

Structure. The national organization is administered through departments at the state level.

Commander-in-chief is the top national lay executive officer. The adjutant general is the top professional executive officer. State commander is the top state lay executive officer. State adjutant is top professional executive officer. Local affiliates are called posts. Top executive officer is post commander. He is lay leader. Local post commanders normally are inducted in June.

Local Contact. Post commander.

VFW POSTS IN MY DISTRICT

Name of Post	Location	Name of Commander	Phone	Units

STEPS TO SUCCESS

Organizing a Unit at a Veterans of Foreign Wars Post

Target Date

1. Review the brochure **BSA and Veterans of Foreign Wars: Building a Foundation of Respect (03-168)** prior to making an appointment.

2. Contact the post commander for an appointment.

3. Make a sales call on the post commander.

4. The VFW post adopts Scouting and the post commander appoints a chartered organization representative.

5. The chartered organization representative appoints an organizing committee of parents and interested post members. They meet to discuss the next step and complete the New-Unit Application.

6. The organizing committee selects and recruits key leaders and committee members.

7. Train leaders in program planning (Fast Start).

8. Plan program for at least the first six months.

9. Recruit youth members and orient parents.

10. Complete the paperwork and submit it to the council office.

11. Start unit meetings.

12. Install the unit and formally present the charter at a meeting of the VFW post.

VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS OF THE UNITED STATES

3 December 2002

Roy L. Williams
Chief Scout Executive
Boy Scouts of America
1325 W. Walnut Hill Lane
Irving, Texas 75015-2079

Dear Mr. Williams,

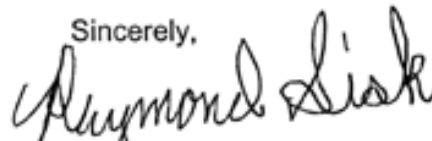
The Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States (VFW) has actively encouraged participation in scouting programs since the early 1930's. Our organization's involvement with youth has always focused on fostering true patriotism. Scouting promotes the basic principles, the moral values, the dedication to country and the service to our fellow man that is and always have been important to our organization and to our nation.

VFW Posts sponsor over 1,000 Scouting units nationwide, giving us the opportunity to reach out to more than 35,000 youth. This significant involvement clearly demonstrates the continuing dedication and commitment that our membership has toward Scouting.

Every VFW Post should take the opportunity to work in partnership with the Boy Scouts of America and charter a Scouting unit. This involvement is a chance to have a positive impact on youth, while developing constructive youth/adult partnerships. Through scouting, VFW Posts have the opportunity to expand their community outreach and develop a clear resource for veteran families and their children. I am pleased to reinforce our endorsement of Boy Scouting as a positive influence on our nation's youth. I further encourage all VFW Posts to become involved by actively participating in and supporting Scouting activities.

This letter is intended to show our continuing support/endorsement of the Boy Scouts of America.

Sincerely,



Raymond Sisk
Commander-in-Chief

★ NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS ★

VFW BUILDING ● 406 WEST 34TH STREET ● KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64111 ● AREA CODE 816-756-3390 ● FAX NUMBER 816-968-1157

Overcoming Objections To Organizing a New Unit

1. **We already have a youth program.**

It's great that your organization cares about its youth (and the youth of the community). Scouting is ideal to work hand in hand with existing programs to enhance what you currently offer. Not only are our goals/values compatible, but our methods can/will work well with what you do. Scouting can bring programs and facilities to you to make a good program even better.

2. **We tried Scouting once and it didn't work.**

What do you feel was the reason? (Explore – look for the biggies – lack of organization/commitment, uncommitted or poor leaders, lack of training, lack of vision, poor support from district/council/BSA.)

Address each issue:

Organizational Commitment – Starts at the top – the strong commitment of your (head, board, etc.) will be contagious.

Leaders – Use selection, not recruiting – get often and get the very best in organization (after all, it's your program), train them and then support them!

Vision – Be creative about how to serve the youth of the organization; have a community dream and then implement the dream.

BSA Issues – Assume it won't happen again – promise and **deliver**.

3. **We don't have any youth in our organization.**

Scouting provides a means for your organization to become known in the community, especially among families with children of Scout age. It's **great** advertising and community goodwill. In addition, the Scouting program is a tremendous tool to outreach into the community and give people an opportunity to become a part of your organization.

4. **We cannot afford Scouting.**

The ninth point of the Scout Law states: A Scout is thrifty – he learns to pay his own way. We teach that Scouts and units should pay their own way. We provide the opportunities for troops to raise money for their use. The only cost to the chartered organizations is a charter fee of \$20.

5. **We don't have any space in our building for them to meet.**

I understand how you feel; others have also felt that way. We have found that many are able to identify classroom meeting areas as possible meeting places for the Scouting program. Additionally, several organizations have used the resources of their members or employees to provide meeting space for meetings. The other potential solution is that of a joint chartered organization to charter the Scouting program.

6. No one knows anything about the Scouting program.

Many of our very best leaders have started out knowing little or nothing about the Scouting program. Our council provides various training courses throughout the year, roundtables and self-study materials. Subjects include outdoor skills and other topics. We also provide volunteer support for leaders to help them provide a high-quality program.

7. We don't agree with several of the Boy Scout stands on membership.

We feel that as a private organization we have a right to establish our membership requirements. I thank you for your time, but I feel that there's nothing further we can do at this time to help you.

8. We cannot charter a Scouting program because we have no leaders.

The BSA has a process to help you choose leaders. The process involves listing the characteristics required for a leadership position and then identifying individuals who fit those characteristics.

9. We cannot charter a Scouting program because our youth are mostly from single-parent families.

One of the strengths of the Scouting program is its ability to include and serve a variety of family configurations. In fact, Scouting is particularly helpful to youth from single-parent families.

10. No one has time to be a leader.

It's important that you find the time; if you don't, there are people on the streets who will find the time to spend with your child, and they may not be the type or kind of people you want your child to be around. Scouting has a program that brings families together, consisting of family camping, religious awards, etc.

11. Liability is a major concern of our organization.

The general liability policy issued to the Boy Scouts of America provides primary liability insurance coverage for all chartered organizations and participating organizations for liability arising out of their chartering of a traditional Scouting unit. Your \$20 charter fee covers your organization with the liability insurance provided by the BSA.

NEW-UNIT ORGANIZATION PROCESS

1. **Identify the prospect.** District leaders identify a community organization prospect with the potential to operate a unit after researching the youth market and considering the most promising community organizations.
2. **Approach the prospect.** An influential Scouter or the district executive makes an appointment to meet with the head of the community organization or top leadership group in the organization after researching the organization and determining how Scouting can help meet its needs.
3. **Make the sales call.** The district executive and the unit organizer or other influential Scouter meet with the head or top leaders of the community organization to sell them on how Scouting can help meet the needs of the organization and to obtain the willingness of the organization's leaders to establish a unit.
4. **Organization adopts the program.** The organization formally adopts the Scouting program, confirms the appointment of a chartered organization representative, and appoints an organizing committee.
5. **Organizing committee meets.** The organizing committee and the new-unit organizer meet to plan the next steps for establishing the unit and complete the new-unit application. A commissioner is assigned by the district to assist the unit.
6. **Select and recruit key leaders.** Using BSA selection procedures, the organizing committee selects and recruits unit leaders and confirms unit committee members, and the community organization approves all unit adults.
7. **Train the leaders.** Unit leaders complete Fast Start training and are invited to the next basic training course and the next district roundtable.
8. **Plan and organize the program.** New unit leaders are trained in program planning and the first month's program is developed.
9. **Recruit youth members and orient parents.** Recruit youth members, hold an orientation meeting for parents and youth, and select/recruit additional adults as needed.
10. **Complete the paperwork.** Complete all adult and youth applications, collect necessary fees, and submit with new-unit application to the council service center.
11. **Conduct first unit meeting.** Unit leaders begin youth meetings with the coaching of their unit commissioner.
12. **Follow up.** The unit is installed with a presentation of the charter to the chartered organization.

Note: Do not delete any steps, although some steps may be accomplished at the same time without regard to suggested sequence.